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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/706,199	11/12/2003	Christopher N. Delametter	79799BWRZ	5980
7590 02/18/2005			EXAMINER	
Milt S. Sales			STEPHENS, JUANITA DIONNE	
Patent Legal Staff				
Eastman Kodak Company			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
343 State Street			2853	
Rochester, NY 14650-2201			DATE MAILED: 02/18/2005	, 5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	- 1				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/706,199	DELAMETTER ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Juanita D. Stephens	2853			
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a r  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perions  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the material earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a r reply within the statutory minimum of thirt od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON tute, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed  y (30) days will be considered timely.  THS from the mailing date of this communication.  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>Class</u>	P filed 11/12/03.				
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er <i>Ex parte Quayl</i> e, 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-31</u> is/are pending in the application	on.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd	rawn from consideration.				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	·				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-31</u> is/are rejected.		,			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	d/or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exami	iner.				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>12 November 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the corre					
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached	Oπice Action or form P1O-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul><li>12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign</li><li>a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:</li></ul>		119(a)-(d) or (f).			
1. Certified copies of the priority docume					
2. Certified copies of the priority docume		· ·			
<ol> <li>Copies of the certified copies of the preparation from the International Bure</li> </ol>	•	received in this National Stage			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a li		received			
250 III 2.III 3.III 4 III 4 II	and the continue depicts flot				
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date			

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

3) A Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date 11/12/03.

6) Other:

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

2. Claims 1, 3, 4-8, 26, 28, 29, and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Murthy et al. (US 6,045,214).

Murthy et al. discloses a print head and a liquid emission device comprising (Fig. 1): 1) a body (formed by print head itself), 2) portions of the body defining an ink delivery channel (ink supply channels 16 and ink supply region 24), 3) other portions of the body defining a nozzle bore (nozzle holes 18), the nozzle bore being in fluid communication with the ink delivery channel (col 3, lns 45-47), 4) an obstruction (projection or appendage 26) having an imperforate surface positioned in the ink delivery channel (col 4, lns 24-29), 5) the ink delivery channel having at least one wall, wherein the obstruction is attached to the at least one wall (col 4, lns 24-29), 6) the ink delivery channel having at least one wall, wherein the obstruction is integrally formed with the at least one wall (col 4, lns 24-29), 7) an ink drop forming mechanism (ink propulsion device 22) operatively associated with the nozzle bore (col 3, lns 56-62), 8) wherein the ink drop forming mechanism (ink propulsion device 22) is positioned on the

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print head at a location other than the obstruction (as seen in Fig. 1), 9) wherein the ink drop forming mechanism is a heater (ink propulsion device 22), and 10) wherein the heater includes a selectively actuated section (col 3, Ins 56-62).

#### **Double Patenting**

3. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

4. Claims 1-11, 17-18, 22, and 24-30 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 9, 12, 13, 14, 15, 20, 21, 22, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37 38, and 40 of U.S. Patent No. US 6,761,437 B2. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because Delametter et al. (US 6,761,437 B2) discloses a print head comprising: 1) a body, portions of the body defining an ink delivery channel, other portions of the body defining a nozzle bore, the nozzle bore being in fluid communication with the ink delivery channel (col 6, Ins 7-10 of claim 9), 2) an obstruction having an imperforate surface positioned in the ink delivery channel (col 6, Ins 11-12), 3) wherein the obstruction is centered over the nozzle bore (col 6, Ins 56-57

of claim 21), 4) the ink delivery channel having at least one wall, wherein the obstruction is attached to the at least one wall (col 8, Ins 3-5 of claim 34), 5) the ink delivery channel having at least one wall, wherein the obstruction is integrally formed with the at least one wall (col 8, lns 6-8 of claim 35), 6) an ink drop forming mechanism operatively associated with the nozzle bore (col 6, lns 23-26 of claim 12), 7) wherein the ink drop forming mechanism is positioned on the print head at a location other than the obstruction (col 6, Ins 27-29 of claim 13), 8) wherein the ink drop forming mechanism is a heater (col 6, lns 30-31 of claim 14), 9) wherein the heater includes a selectively actuated section (col 6, Ins 32-33 of claim 15), 10) the obstruction having a lateral wall, wherein the lateral wall of the obstruction is positioned in the ink delivery channel parallel to the nozzle bore as viewed from a plane perpendicular to the nozzle bore (col 8, Ins 19-23 of claim 40), 11) the nozzle bore having a diameter, the obstruction having a vertical wall, wherein the vertical wall of the obstruction is positioned in the ink delivery channel at locations extending beyond the diameter of the nozzle bore (col 6, lns 51-55 of claim 20), and 12) the nozzle bore having a diameter, the obstruction having a vertical wall, wherein the vertical wall of the obstruction is positioned in the ink delivery channel at a location substantially equivalent to the diameter of the nozzle bore (col 6, Ins 58-62 of claim 22). Delametter et al. (US 6,761,437 B2) further discloses a liquid emission device comprising: 1) an ink delivery channel (col 7, lns 30-31 of claim 32), 2) a nozzle bore in fluid communication with the ink delivery channel (col 7, Ins 32-33 of claim 32), 3) an ink drop forming mechanism operatively associated with the nozzle bore (col 8, lns 8-11 of claim 36), 4) an obstruction having an imperforate surface

positioned in the ink delivery channel (col 7, Ins 34-35 of claim 32), **5)** wherein the obstruction is centered over the nozzle bore (col 8, Ins 1-2 of claim 33), **6)** the ink delivery channel having at least one wall, wherein the obstruction is integrally formed with the at least one wall (col 8, Ins 6-8 of claim 35), **7)** wherein the ink drop forming mechanism is positioned on the print head at a location other than the obstruction (col 8, Ins 13-15 of claim 37), and **8)** wherein the ink drop forming mechanism is a heater (col 8, Ins 16-17 of claim 38).

5. Claims 12-16, 19-21, 23, and 31 rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 9, 12, 32 and 36 of Delametter et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,761,437 B2) in view of DeBoer (US 5,966,154).

Delametter et al. are discussed above. The claims of Delametter et al. does not disclose 1) an insulating material located between the heater and at least one of the fluid delivery channel and the nozzle bore (recited in claim 12 of the application), 2) wherein the insulating material forms at least a portion of at least one of the nozzle bore and the fluid delivery channel (recited in claim 13), 3) wherein the insulating material is positioned between the heater and the material forming the nozzle bore (recited in claim 14), 4) wherein the insulating material is positioned between the heater and the material forming the fluid delivery channel (recited in claim 15), 4) wherein the heater comprises a plurality of individually actuateable sections (recited in claims 16, 23 and 31), 5) an insulating material positioned between the drop forming mechanism and the body (recited in claim 19), 6) wherein the insulating material forms at least a portion of the body (recited in claim 20), and 7) wherein the insulating material is a material layer

distinct from the body (recited in claim 21). DeBoer at least teaches an insulating material (56) located between the heater (50) and at least one of the fluid delivery channel (40) and the nozzle bore (46) (as seen in Fig. 2A), wherein the insulating material (56) forms at least a portion of at least one of the nozzle bore and the fluid delivery channel, wherein the insulating material is positioned between the heater and the material forming the nozzle bore (as seen in Fig. 2A), wherein the insulating material (56) is positioned between the heater (50) and the material forming the fluid delivery channel (col 6, Ins 8-10 and as seen in Fig. 2A), wherein the heater comprises a plurality of individually actuateable sections (col 6, lns 14-15), an insulating material positioned between the drop forming mechanism (heater 50) and the body, wherein the insulating material forms at least a portion of the body, and wherein the insulating material is a material layer distinct from the body (as seen in Fig. 2A). It would have been obvious at the time of the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the ink jet art to modify Delametter et al. by providing the insulating layer as taught to be old by DeBoer for the purpose of minimizing heat loss to the substrate.

#### **Contact Information**

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Juanita D. Stephens whose telephone number is (571) 272-2153. The examiner can normally be reached on Flex.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Meier can be reached on (571) 272-2149. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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February 16, 2005

Juanita D. Stephens Primary Examiner Art Unit 2853